Calamos Alternatives Snapshot

May 31, 2022 (data as of May 27, 2022 unless indicated)

-2.03

3.06

1.13

0.25

-0.41

0.05

-0.27

-1.63

0.99

-0.65

4.30.22

0.33

2.70

2.89

3.61

QTD

5.02

-8.53

6.85

-2.27

-0.54

-1.43

-0.41

-1.64

-2.77

2.87

4.32

12.31.21

0.08

0.75

1.55

2.03

YTD

26.00

-12.82

-5.75

-0.14

-6.90

-13.18

33.44

-4.91

-1.71

-1.59

-0.29

-4.15

-3.86

4.31

15.10

5.27.21

0.06

0.14

1.61

2.00

WEEKLY HEADLINES

Risk = The Reason Stocks Have Historically Paid a **Premium**

Risk is a feature, not a bug, "and the main reason why you earn a premium from holding equities over the long term," says Compound Advisors' Charlie Bilello in a recent post. Since 1990, the S&P 500 has returned 10% per year. "And it's done so despite two 50+% bear markets and being in a drawdown 90% of the time." That being the case, according to Bilello, the biggest

mistake an investor can make is to act on an urge to sell in reaction to volatility. "Every [previous] recession and bear market of the past

was eventually followed by an economic expansion and new all-time high in the future." See chart below right for returns after high VIX levels.

Turning temporary volatility into a permanent loss results not just in loss related to selling during the drawdown but also, he says, the loss of opportunity to generate real wealth in the future.

Economic Releases vs. Consensus (Previous Week) New Home Sales (Apr): 0.591MM vs. 0.750MM

Personal Income (Apr): 0.4% vs. 0.5%

Personal Spending (Apr): 0.9% vs. 0.7%

Economic Releases this Week

JOLTs Job Openings (6/1)

ISM Mfg PMI (6/1)

Non-Farm Payrolls (6/3)

MORNINGSTAR WEEKLY EST. NET FLOWS (\$MIL) ¹								
	Last	2 Wks	3 Wks	4 Wks	Weekly	YTD		
As of 5/25/22	Week	Ago	Ago	Ago	Streak	Flows		
Infrastructure	848	51	99	109	8	1,510		
Derivative Income	552	516	732	759	80	11,316		
Convertibles	511	(191)	(207)	(125)	1	(1,968)		
Equity Mkt Neutral	231	222	169	147	34	2,974		
Macro Trading	152	166	132	21	6	1,004		
Long-Short Equity	68	25	87	38	4	877		
Systematic Trend	42	302	506	194	23	2,982		
Event Driven	3	67	82	102	22	1,931		
Options Trading	(7)	666	361	91	(1)	6,874		
Multistrategy	(34)	(58)	79	(27)	(2)	2,475		
Energy LPs	(53)	(144)	170	(40)	(2)	783		
Relative Value Arb	(147)	(71)	(85)	20	(3)	1,669		
Real Estate	(150)	(8)	(803)	(225)	(4)	(3,710)		
Nontraditional Bond	(894)	(669)	(335)	(146)	(6)	(1,065)		
Commodities Broad	(1,301)	148	84	165	(1)	7,781		

	1 week	MTD	Q.			
S&P 500	6.62	0.81	-7.			
Russell 3000	6.59	0.61	-8.			
Russell 2000	6.49	1.41	-8.			

TD

.98

.42

.64

-8.41

-6.54

-8.19

-7.81

-7.76

-5.67

-7.17

-9.60

-3.38

-4.18

-3.02

-2.69

1820

75.5

3.28

46,245

YEAR-TO-DATE

0.27

1.36

0.98

1.14

1911

104.6

4.11

37,659

VALUE

YTD

-12.21

-13.25

-15.51

-13.10

-11.84

-14.55

-12.66

-12.41

-11.13

-13.00

-14.48

-7.74

-11.54

-9.16

-8.47

1900

66.9

3.02

38,368

Russell 1000 6.60 0.56 Russell Mid Cap 6.49 1.26 MSCI EM 0.92 -2.80

BROAD INDEX PERFORMANCE¹

MSCI ACWI 5.05 0.17 MSCI World 5.59 0.55

MSCI EAFE 3.51 0.76 ICE BofA Global 300 Convt 3.02 -1.89 3.40 -2.69 ICE BofA All US Convertible

ICE BofA US High Yield 3.40 Bloomberg US Corp Bond 1.66 Bloomberg US Govt/Credit 0.81

Bloomberg US Agg Bond 0.78 COMMODITIES²

5.27.22 4.30.22 12.31.21 5.27.21 Gold 1852 Oil 110.3

Gasoline 4.59 Bitcoin 28,609 MARKET PULSE1

> **MONTH-TO-DATE** As of VALUE CORE GROWTH 5/27/2022

2.81 0.56 -1.77 -13.10 -21.44 LARGE -3.71 2.91 1.26 -2.26 MID -11.84 -24.17 3.00 1.41 -0.42**SMALL** -7.28 -15.51 -23.67

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material is provided for internal and educational purposes only and should not be construed as investment advice or an offer or solicitation to buy or sell securities. Source: 1 Morningstar (Net Flows as of previous Wed.), ²St. Louis Federal Reserve (FRED Database). FOR INVESTMENT PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY.

MORNINGSTAR ALTERNATIVE CATEGORIES¹ 1 week MTD



Convertibles 3.26

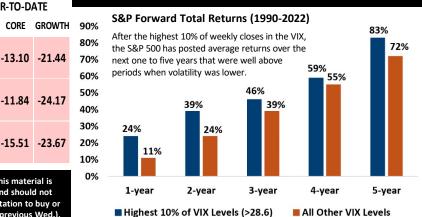
Commodities Broad Basket 2.86 **Long-Short Equity** 2.58 Multistrategy 1.37

Event Driven 1.20 0.83 **Macro Trading Nontraditional Bond** 0.80

0.78 Relative Value Arbitrage **Equity Market Neutral** 0.72 Systematic Trend -0.41 BOND RATES²

5.27.22 **Effective Fed Funds Rate** 0.83 2.46 2-Year Treasury 10-Year Treasury 2.75

ICE BofA US Corp. AAA 3.47 SIGNIFICANTLY HIGHER RETURNS HAVE FOLLOWED HIGH VOLATILITY



Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Source: Charlie Bilello, Compound Advisors.



Definitions and Disclosures

The Nontraditional Bond category contains funds that pursue strategies divergent in one or more ways from conventional practice in the broader bond-fund universe. Multistrategy portfolios offer investors exposure to two or more alternative investment strategies, as defined by Morningstar's alternative category classifications, through either a single-manager or multi-manager approach. Macro Trading strategies, using either systematic or discretionary methods, look for investment opportunities by studying such factors as the global economy, government policies, interest rates, inflation, and market trends. Systematic Trend funds primarily trade liquid global futures, options, swaps, and foreign exchange contracts, both listed and over-the-counter. Commodities Broad-basket portfolios can invest in a diversified basket of commodity goods including but not limited to grains, minerals, metals, livestock, cotton, oils, sugar, coffee, and cocoa. Commodities Precious Metals can invest in precious metals such as gold, silver, platinum, and palladium. Energy Limited Partnership strategies invest a significant amount of their portfolio in energy master limited partnerships, also known as MLPs. Relative Value Arbitrage strategies seek out pricing discrepancies between pairs or combinations of securities regardless of asset class. Equity Market Neutral strategies attempt to profit from long and short stock selection decisions while minimizing systematic risk created by exposure to factors such as overall equity market beta, sectors, market-cap ranges, investment styles, or countries. Event-driven strategies attempt to profit when security prices change in response to certain corporate actions, such as bankruptcies, mergers and acquisitions, emergence from bankruptcy, shifts in corporate strategy, and other atypical events. Real Estate portfolios invest primarily in real estate investment trusts of various types. REITs are companies that develop and manage real estate properties. Convertible-bond portfolios are designed to offer some of the capital-appreciation potential of stock portfolios while also supplying some of the safety and yield of bond portfolios. Options trading strategies use a variety of options trades, including put writing, options spreads, options-based hedged equity, and collar strategies, among others. Derivative Income strategies primarily use an options overlay to generate income while maintaining significant exposure to equity market risk. Long-Short Equity funds hold sizeable stakes in both long and short positions in equities, exchange traded funds, and related derivatives. Infrastructure equity funds invest more than 60% of their assets in stocks of companies engaged in infrastructure activities. Industries considered to be part of the infrastructure sector include: oil & gas midstream; waste management; airports; integrated shipping; railroads; shipping & ports; trucking; engineering & construction; infrastructure operations; and the utilities sector.

The S&P 500 Index is considered generally representative of the US equity market. The MSCI World Index is considered generally representative of the market for developed market equities. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float adjusted market capitalization index cited as a measure of the performance of emerging market equities. The MSCI ACWI Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets. The MSCI EAFE Index (Europe, Australasia, Far East) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the US & Canada. The Russell 3000 Index measures the performance of 3,000 publicly held US companies based on total market capitalization, which represents approximately 98% of the investable US equity market. The Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the US equity universe and includes approximately 2000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell 1000 Index measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the US equity universe and includes approximately 1000 of the largest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Index measures the performance of the mid-cap segment of the US equity universe and includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The ICE BofA US High Yield Master II Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated below investment grade rated corporate debt publicly issued in the US domestic market. The Bloomberg Capital US Aggregate Bond Index covers the US-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable bond market of SEC registered securities. The Bloomberg US Government/Credit Index is comprised of long-term government and investment-grade corporate debt securities and is generally considered representative of the performance of the broad US bond market. The Bloomberg US Corporate Bond Index measures the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. The ICE BofA Global 300 Cv Index (VG00) is a \$US/Local-denominated unmanaged index generally indicative of the overall global convertible market. The ICE BofA All US Convertibles Index (VXA0) is comprised of approximately 700 issues of only convertible bonds and preferreds of all qualities. Source ICE Data Indices, LLC, used with permission. ICE permits use of the ICE BofA Indices and related data on an 'as is' basis, makes no warranties regarding same, does not guarantee the suitability, guality, accuracy, timeliness, and/or completeness of the ICE BofA Indices or data included in, related to, or derived therefrom, assumes no liability in connection with the use of the foregoing and does not sponsor, endorse or recommend Calamos Advisors LLC or any of its products or services.

Oil - West Texas Intermediate (WTI - Cushing): A crude stream produced in Texas and southern Oklahoma which serves as a reference or "marker" for pricing a number of other crude streams and which is traded in the domestic spot market at Cushing, Oklahoma. Gasoline: Weighted average based on sampling of approximately 900 retail outlets, 8:00AM Monday. The price represents self-service unless only full-service is available and includes all taxes. Gold - Gold Fixings Price: The Fixings are an open process at which market participants can transact business on the basis of a single quoted price. Orders can be changed throughout the proceedings as the price is moved higher and lower until such time as buyers' and sellers' orders are satisfied and the price is said to be 'fixed'. Orders executed at the fixings are conducted as principal-to-principal transactions between the client and the dealer through whom the order is placed.

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