Calamos Alternatives Snapshot

February 14, 2022 (data as of February 11, 2022 unless indicated)

C A L A M O S

Do Rising Rates, Inflation Cause a Bear Market? Inflation is at a 40-year high and interest rates are steadily rising, but neither is "the threat to the bull market that most assume they are," according to a post Friday on MarketWatch.com. The conclusion is based on an analysis of 17 bear markets since 1962. In 10 of the 17 bear markets, the 10-year yield on the day the bear market began was lower than where it was three months previous. By contrast, today the 10-year yield is close to 2% versus 1.56% three months ago (and see the

Then again, the history is "no guarantee" that this isn't the beginning of a new bear market, the post added. Seven of the last 17 bear markets began at a time when, like now, the 10-year yield over the trailing three months had risen. It's possible a bear market began in January, when the S&P 500 last hit an all-time high.

chart below right for how the yield fluctuated last week

Economic Releases vs. Consensus (week of 1/31)

Balance of Trade (Dec): -\$80.7B vs. -\$83.0B CPI/Core CPI (y/y): 7.5%/6.0% vs. 7.3%/5.9% Mich. Consumer Sentiment: 61.7 vs. 67.5

Economic Releases this Week

PPI/Core PPI (2/15)

alone).

Retail Sales (2/16)

Housing Starts (2/17)

Existing Home Sales (2/18)

MORNINGSTAR WEERLY EST. NET FLOWS (SWIL)											
	Last	2 Wks	3 Wks	4 Wks	Weekly	YTD					
As of 2/9/22	Week	Ago	Ago	Ago	Streak	Flows					
Commodities Broad	1,005	795	515	366	6	3,226					
Derivative Income	578	543	596	538	63	3,455					
Nontraditional Bond	406	354	57	154	6	1,930					
Multistrategy	243	154	338	156	9	1,443					
Energy LPs	212	4	(23)	36	2	425					
Relative Value Arb	157	194	337	195	63	1,285					
Equity Mkt Neutral	146	179	178	113	17	737					
Options Trading	141	636	523	398	63	2,722					
Infrastructure	122	129	(85)	13	2	397					
Long-Short Equity	94	59	61	82	3	383					
Event Driven	93	38	39	86	5	442					
Systematic Trend	81	52	60	50	6	418					
Macro Trading	38	14	59	32	10	171					
Convertibles	(182)	(280)	(454)	(75)	-6	(1,290)					
Real Estate	(243)	(230)	(422)	(47)	-4	1,204					

				0.70	0.00	5.0 .	5.0	•
MSCI EAFE			1.43	2.58	-2.37	-2.3	37	
ICE BofA Global 300 Convt			0.21	0.26	-5.00	-5.0	00	
ICE BofA All US Convertible				0.35	-0.12	-6.66	-6.6	6
ICE BofA US High Yield				-0.87	-1.24	-3.96	-3.9	96
Bloomberg US Corp Bond				-0.39	-1.56	-4.87	-4.8	37
Bloomberg US Govt/Credit				-0.35	-1.34	-3.74	-3.7	74
Bloomberg US Agg Bond			-0.41	-1.32	-3.45	-3.4	15	
СОМ	MODIT	IES ²						
				2.11.22	1.31.22	12.31.2	1 2.11	.21
Gold	Gold			1831	1795	1820	184	13
Oil				91.3	89.2	75.5	58.	2
Gasoline			3.44	3.37	3.28	2.4	6	
Bitcoin			42,392	38,430	46,245	48,1	21	
MA	RKET P	ULSE1						
MONTH-TO-DATE			As of	YEAR-TO-DATE				
	VALUE	CORE	GROWTH	2/11/2022	VALUE	CORE	GROWTH	
	0.00	-1.90	-3.71	LARGE	-2.33	-7.44	-11.97	
	0.29	-0.04	-0.68	MID	-3.99	-7.40	-13.49	
	0.46	0.13	-0.23	SMALL	-5.39	-9.51	-13.60	

1 week

-1.79

-1.38

1.42

-1.56

0.18

1.61

-0.43

-0.70

MTD

-2.09

-1.78

0.13

-1.90

-0.04

2.70

-0.22

-0.60

QTD

-7.16

-7.56

-9.51

-7.44

-7.40

0.77

-5.10

-5.84

BROAD INDEX PERFORMANCE¹

S&P 500

Russell 3000

Russell 2000

Russell 1000

MSCI EM

MSCI ACWI

MSCI World

Russell Mid Cap

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material is provided for internal and educational purposes only and should not be construed as investment advice or an offer or solicitation to buy or sell securities. Source: ¹Morningstar (Net Flows as of previous Wed.), ²St. Louis Federal Reserve (FRED Database). FOR INVESTMENT PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY.

MORNINGSTAR ALTERNATIVE CATEGORIES¹ YTD 1 week MTD **QTD** YTD -7.16**Energy Limited Partnership** 1.50 4.53 12.65 12.65 -7.56Systematic Trend 0.88 2.39 4.31 4.31 -9.51Commodities Broad Basket 0.78 2.71 10.60 10.60 -7.44Convertibles 0.30 -0.07-5.99-5.99 -7.40**Equity Market Neutral** 0.20 0.63 2.23 2.23 0.77 **Event Driven** 0.11 -0.02 -0.72-0.72-5.100.06 0.36 -0.53-0.53Macro Trading -5.84Relative Value Arbitrage -0.04 -0.11-0.80 -0.80Multistrategy -0.05 0.00 -1.04-1.04**Nontraditional Bond** -0.28 -0.44-1.32-1.32 -0.39 -0.71-4.45 Infrastructure -4.45 Long-Short Equity -0.43-0.47-2.50-2.50**Derivative Income** -0.87 -1.02 -3.44 -3.44 **Options Trading** -0.94 -1.13-3.50 -3.50 Real Estate -1.31 -2.62 -9.74 -9.74 BOND RATES² 2.11.22 1.31.22 12.31.21 2.11.21 Effective Fed Funds Rate 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.08 2-Year Treasury 1.61 1.18 0.75 0.11 10-Year Treasury 2.03 1.79 1.55 1.16

THE 10-YEAR TREASURY YIELD LAST WEEK

ICE BofA US Corp. AAA



2.66

2.44

2.03

1.70

Source: MortgageNewsDaily.com



Definitions and Disclosures

The Nontraditional Bond category contains funds that pursue strategies divergent in one or more ways from conventional practice in the broader bond-fund universe. Multistrategy portfolios offer investors exposure to two or more alternative investment strategies, as defined by Morningstar's alternative category classifications, through either a single-manager or multi-manager approach. Macro Trading strategies, using either systematic or discretionary methods, look for investment opportunities by studying such factors as the global economy, government policies, interest rates, inflation, and market trends. Systematic Trend funds primarily trade liquid global futures, options, swaps, and foreign exchange contracts, both listed and over-the-counter. Commodities Broad-basket portfolios can invest in a diversified basket of commodity goods including but not limited to grains, minerals, metals, livestock, cotton, oils, sugar, coffee, and cocoa. Commodities Precious Metals can invest in precious metals such as gold, silver, platinum, and palladium. Energy Limited Partnership strategies invest a significant amount of their portfolio in energy master limited partnerships, also known as MLPs. Relative Value Arbitrage strategies seek out pricing discrepancies between pairs or combinations of securities regardless of asset class. Equity Market Neutral strategies attempt to profit from long and short stock selection decisions while minimizing systematic risk created by exposure to factors such as overall equity market beta, sectors, market-cap ranges, investment styles, or countries. Event-driven strategies attempt to profit when security prices change in response to certain corporate actions, such as bankruptcies, mergers and acquisitions, emergence from bankruptcy, shifts in corporate strategy, and other atypical events. Real Estate portfolios invest primarily in real estate investment trusts of various types. REITs are companies that develop and manage real estate properties. Convertible-bond portfolios are designed to offer some of the capital-appreciation potential of stock portfolios while also supplying some of the safety and yield of bond portfolios. Options trading strategies use a variety of options trades, including put writing, options spreads, options-based hedged equity, and collar strategies, among others. Derivative Income strategies primarily use an options overlay to generate income while maintaining significant exposure to equity market risk. Long-Short Equity funds hold sizeable stakes in both long and short positions in equities, exchange traded funds, and related derivatives. Infrastructure equity funds invest more than 60% of their assets in stocks of companies engaged in infrastructure activities. Industries considered to be part of the infrastructure sector include: oil & gas midstream; waste management; airports; integrated shipping; railroads; shipping & ports; trucking; engineering & construction; infrastructure operations; and the utilities sector.

The S&P 500 Index is considered generally representative of the US equity market. The MSCI World Index is considered generally representative of the market for developed market equities. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float adjusted market capitalization index cited as a measure of the performance of emerging market equities. The MSCI ACWI Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets. The MSCI EAFE Index (Europe, Australasia, Far East) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the US & Canada. The Russell 3000 Index measures the performance of 3,000 publicly held US companies based on total market capitalization, which represents approximately 98% of the investable US equity market. The Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the US equity universe and includes approximately 2000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell 1000 Index measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the US equity universe and includes approximately 1000 of the largest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Index measures the performance of the mid-cap segment of the US equity universe and includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The ICE BofA US High Yield Master II Index tracks the performance of US dollar denominated below investment grade rated corporate debt publicly issued in the US domestic market. The Bloomberg Capital US Aggregate Bond Index covers the US-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable bond market of SEC registered securities. The Bloomberg US Government/Credit Index is comprised of long-term government and investment-grade corporate debt securities and is generally considered representative of the performance of the broad US bond market. The Bloomberg US Corporate Bond Index measures the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. The ICE BofA Global 300 Cv Index (VG00) is a \$US/Local-denominated unmanaged index generally indicative of the overall global convertible market. The ICE BofA All US Convertibles Index (VXA0) is comprised of approximately 700 issues of only convertible bonds and preferreds of all qualities. Source ICE Data Indices, LLC, used with permission. ICE permits use of the ICE BofA Indices and related data on an 'as is' basis, makes no warranties regarding same, does not guarantee the suitability, quality, accuracy, timeliness, and/or completeness of the ICE BofA Indices or data included in, related to, or derived therefrom, assumes no liability in connection with the use of the foregoing and does not sponsor, endorse or recommend Calamos Advisors LLC or any of its products or services.

Oil - West Texas Intermediate (WTI - Cushing): A crude stream produced in Texas and southern Oklahoma which serves as a reference or "marker" for pricing a number of other crude streams and which is traded in the domestic spot market at Cushing, Oklahoma. Gasoline: Weighted average based on sampling of approximately 900 retail outlets, 8:00AM Monday. The price represents self-service unless only full-service is available and includes all taxes. Gold - Gold Fixings Price: The Fixings are an open process at which market participants can transact business on the basis of a single quoted price. Orders can be changed throughout the proceedings as the price is moved higher and lower until such time as buyers' and sellers' orders are satisfied and the price is said to be 'fixed'. Orders executed at the fixings are conducted as principal-to-principal transactions between the client and the dealer through whom the order is placed.

SUBSCRIBE

to receive the Weekly Alternatives Snapshot

808659