Calamos Alternatives Snapshot

d)

October 25, 2021	(data as of Octo	ober 22, 2021 ι	inless indicate

WEEKLY HEADLINES

The Market That Continues to Surprise

The market continues to defy investor expectations. A few highlights:

- The S&P 500 set a new high last Thursday. After hitting its earlier high in early September, it had pulled back 5%, with 21 trading days between peak and trough. Then it needed just 13 days to set its 331st all-time high since the start of 2013—now four more than "the epic run from 1989-2000," reported Compound Capital Advisors.
- Meanwhile, volatility has cratered. After averaging 19.71 this year, the VIX fell to 15.01 Thursday—a prepandemic low.
- The ratio of the VIX and the MOVE Index, which tracks implied volatility in Treasury options, surged last week to the highest level since February 2020 per Bloomberg.
- Coming up: This Thursday marks one of the most reliably best times for the S&P 500, according to LPL. On the nine days from Oct. 28 through Nov. 5., the S&P has risen 2.4% on average, based on data back to 1950.

Economic Releases vs. Consensus (week of 10/18) Building Permits (Sep): 1.589M vs. 1.68M

Housing Starts (Sep): 1.555M vs. 1.62M Initial Jobless Claims: 290K vs. 300K

MORNINGSTAR WEEKLY EST. NET FLOWS (\$MIL)

Economic Releases this Week

New Home Sales (10/26)

Durable Goods Orders (10/27)

GDP Growth (10/28)

	Last	2 VVKS	3 VVKS	4 VVKS	weekiy	עוץ
As of 10/13/21	Week	Ago	Ago	Ago	Streak	Flows
Commodities Broad	599	156	(38)	34	2	10,882
Nontraditional Bond	285	424	155	360	42	17,442
Derivative Income	196	324	291	560	70	9,873
Systematic Trend	183	28	(99)	35	37	756
Options Trading	166	421	667	355	53	10,873
Convertibles	116	(140)	330	50	1	1,394
Macro Trading	80	(8)	(15)	(7)	1	964
Relative Value Arb	70	168	147	133	83	5,008
Long-Short Equity	46	54	44	73	18	1,762
Energy LPs	45	58	(46)	(96)	2	(1,556)
Multistrategy	33	75	311	349	29	3,903
Event Driven	18	63	40	85	8	3,724
Infrastructure	15	(11)	(11)	(709)	1	4,161
Equity Mkt Neutral	(5)	24	0	39	-1	680
Real Estate	(174)	(274)	19	594	-2	10,354

BROAD INDEX PERFORMANCE¹ 1 week

S&P 500

2.00
1.66
1.14
1.69
2.02

6.38 0.75 3.25 4.68

MSCI EM MSCI ACWI 1.28 MSCI World 1.35 4.88 0.63 2.59

MSCI EAFE 0.30 1.89 ICE BofA Global Cv Index 0.44 ICE BofA All U.S. Cv (VXA0) 2.66

ICE BofA US HY Master II -0.10 **Bloomberg US Corporate** -0.48

Bloomberg US Govt/Credit -0.41 **Bloomberg US Agg Bond** -0.37

COMMODITIES² 10.22.21 8.31.21 12.31.20 10.22.20

Gold 1792 Oil 82.6 Gasoline 3.32

Bitcoin

MONTH-TO-DATE

3.97

3.51

4.46

60,672 47,066 MARKET PULSE1

YEAR-TO-DATE

MTD

5.58

5.62

3.97

5.73

-0.27

-0.54

-0.57

-0.54

1814

69.3

3.14

28.40

16.88

6.43

1.66

QTD

5.58

5.62

3.97

5.73

6.38

3.25

4.68

4.88

2.59

1.89

2.66

-0.27

-0.54

-0.57

-0.54

1891

47.5

2.24

29,027

1917

40.5

2.15

12,977

VALUE CORE GROWTH 10/22/2021 VALUE CORE GROWTH 5.73 5.91 5.54 LARGE 22.57 21.79 21.05 6.30 6.38 6.50 MID 25.69 22.52 16.73

As of

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material is provided for internal and educational purposes only and should not be construed as investment advice or an offer or solicitation to buy or sell securities. Source: ¹Morningstar (Net Flows as of previous Wed.), ²St. Louis Federal Reserve (FRED Database). FOR INVESTMENT PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY.

SMALL



10.22.21

0.08

0.45

1.68

2.05

8.31.21

0.09

0.20

1.30

1.80

12.31.20 10.22.20

0.09

0.16

0.87

1.69

0.09

0.12

0.93

1.56

THIS TIME, THE MARKET TOOK THE STAIRS DOWN AND THE ESCALATOR UP

BOND RATES²

2-Year Treasury

10-Year Treasury

ICE BofA US Corp. AAA

Effective Fed Funds Rate





Definitions and Disclosures

The Nontraditional Bond category contains funds that pursue strategies divergent in one or more ways from conventional practice in the broader bond-fund universe. Multistrategy portfolios offer investors exposure to two or more alternative investment strategies, as defined by Morningstar's alternative category classifications, through either a single-manager or multi-manager approach. Macro Trading strategies, using either systematic or discretionary methods, look for investment opportunities by studying such factors as the global economy, government policies, interest rates, inflation, and market trends. Systematic Trend funds primarily trade liquid global futures, options, swaps, and foreign exchange contracts, both listed and over-the-counter. Commodities Broad-basket portfolios can invest in a diversified basket of commodity goods including but not limited to grains, minerals, metals, livestock, cotton, oils, sugar, coffee, and cocoa. Commodities Precious Metals can invest in precious metals such as gold, silver, platinum, and palladium. Energy Limited Partnership strategies invest a significant amount of their portfolio in energy master limited partnerships, also known as MLPs. Relative Value Arbitrage strategies seek out pricing discrepancies between pairs or combinations of securities regardless of asset class. Equity Market Neutral strategies attempt to profit from long and short stock selection decisions while minimizing systematic risk created by exposure to factors such as overall equity market beta, sectors, market-cap ranges, investment styles, or countries. Event-driven strategies attempt to profit when security prices change in response to certain corporate actions, such as bankruptcies, mergers and acquisitions, emergence from bankruptcy, shifts in corporate strategy, and other atypical events. Real Estate portfolios invest primarily in real estate investment trusts of various types. REITs are companies that develop and manage real estate properties. Convertible-bond portfolios are designed to offer some of the capital-appreciation potential of stock portfolios while also supplying some of the safety and yield of bond portfolios. Options trading strategies use a variety of options trades, including put writing, options spreads, options-based hedged equity, and collar strategies, among others. Derivative Income strategies primarily use an options overlay to generate income while maintaining significant exposure to equity market risk. Long-Short Equity funds hold sizeable stakes in both long and short positions in equities, exchange traded funds, and related derivatives. Infrastructure equity funds invest more than 60% of their assets in stocks of companies engaged in infrastructure activities. Industries considered to be part of the infrastructure sector include: oil & gas midstream; waste management; airports; integrated shipping; railroads; shipping & ports; trucking; engineering & construction; infrastructure operations; and the utilities sector.

The S&P 500 Index is considered generally representative of the U.S. equity market. The MSCI World Index is considered generally representative of the market for developed market equities. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float adjusted market capitalization index cited as a measure of the performance of emerging market equities. The MSCI ACWI Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets. The MSCI EAFE Index (Europe, Australasia, Far East) is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the US & Canada. The Russell 3000 Index measures the performance of 3,000 publicly held US companies based on total market capitalization, which represents approximately 98% of the investable US equity market. The Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe and includes approximately 2000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell 1000 Index measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe and includes approximately 1000 of the largest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Index measures the performance of the mid-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe and includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Master II Index tracks the performance of U.S. dollar denominated below investment grade rated corporate debt publicly issued in the U.S. domestic market. The Bloomberg Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index covers the U.S.-denominated, investment-grade, fixed-rate, taxable bond market of SEC registered securities. The Bloomberg U.S. Government/Credit Index is comprised of long-term government and investment-grade corporate debt securities and is generally considered representative of the performance of the broad U.S. bond market. The Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Bond Index measures the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. The ICE BofA Global 300 Cv Index (VG00) is a \$US/Local-denominated unmanaged index generally indicative of the overall global convertible market. The ICE BofA All U.S. Convertibles Index (VXAO) is comprised of approximately 700 issues of only convertible bonds and preferreds of all qualities. Source ICE Data Indices, LLC, used with permission. ICE permits use of the ICE BofA Indices and related data on an 'as is' basis, makes no warranties regarding same, does not guarantee the suitability, quality, accuracy, timeliness, and/or completeness of the ICE BofA Indices or data included in, related to, or derived therefrom, assumes no liability in connection with the use of the foregoing and does not sponsor, endorse or recommend Calamos Advisors LLC or any of its products or services.

Oil - West Texas Intermediate (WTI - Cushing): A crude stream produced in Texas and southern Oklahoma which serves as a reference or "marker" for pricing a number of other crude streams and which is traded in the domestic spot market at Cushing, Oklahoma. Gasoline: Weighted average based on sampling of approximately 900 retail outlets, 8:00AM Monday. The price represents self-service unless only full-service is available and includes all taxes. Gold - Gold Fixings Price: The Fixings are an open process at which market participants can transact business on the basis of a single quoted price. Orders can be changed throughout the proceedings as the price is moved higher and lower until such time as buyers' and sellers' orders are satisfied and the price is said to be 'fixed'. Orders executed at the fixings are conducted as principal-to-principal transactions between the client and the dealer through whom the order is placed.

SUBSCRIBE

to receive the Weekly Alternatives Snapshot

808550