

Calamos Strategies for Different Market Periods

EQUITY ALTERNATIVES - PERFORMANCE IN DOWN MARKETS

Fund/Category Name	5-YR CHARACTERISTICS (AS OF 9/30/17)			EQUITY DOWN MARKETS (Periods the S&P 500 was down > 5%)						
	Std. Dev.	Beta	Down Capture Ratio	3/26/00-10/9/02	10/9/07-3/9/09	4/23/10-7/5/10	5/1/11-10/3/11	9/21/14-10/15/14	7/20/15-9/6/15	11/7/15-2/9/16
Calamos Growth & Income -CGIIX	8.15	0.80	82.30	-18.81	-40.86	-9.34	-15.46	-6.86	-7.07	-10.75
Calamos Growth & Income -CVTRX	8.13	0.80	82.65	-19.39	-41.02	-9.36	-15.56	-6.88	-7.13	-10.76
Calamos Convertible -CICVX	7.79	0.66	70.47	-18.17	-30.30	-5.82	-15.37	-7.52	-6.06	-12.83
Calamos Convertible -CCVIX	7.80	0.66	70.71	-18.55	-30.55	-5.91	-15.48	-7.47	-6.13	-12.85
Calamos Market Neutral Income -CMNIX	2.92	0.26	25.28	17.17	-19.60	-5.02	-5.09	-2.46	-2.68	-3.72
Calamos Market Neutral Income -CVSIX	2.91	0.25	25.11	16.44	-19.85	-5.12	-5.17	-2.43	-2.73	-3.74
S&P 500 Index	9.55	1.00	100.00	-47.38	-54.89	-15.03	-18.64	-7.24	-9.37	-11.26
U.S. OE Large Growth	10.40	1.04	105.74	-59.80	-52.56	-15.46	-20.45	-7.97	-9.07	-15.51
U.S. OE Large Blend	9.48	0.98	99.36	-47.38	-54.33	-15.02	-20.86	-7.79	-9.23	-12.35
U.S. OE Large Value	9.69	0.97	99.86	-28.10	-56.85	-15.34	-21.21	-8.11	-9.50	-12.31

FIXED INCOME ALTERNATIVES - PERFORMANCE IN RISING RATE ENVIRONMENTS

Fund/Category Name	CHARACTERISTICS (as of 9/30/17)			RISING INTEREST RATE ENVIRONMENT -10-Year Treasury Yield Increase of +100 bps								
	Avg Duration	Avg Maturity	Std Dev 5-Year	1/18/96-6/12/96 +150bps	10/5/98-1/20/00 +263bps	11/7/01-4/1/02 +122bps	6/13/03-6/14/04 +176bps	6/1/05-6/28/06 +134bps	12/30/08-6/10/09 +187bps	10/7/10-2/8/11 +134bps	7/26/12-12/27/13 +157bps	7/8/16-12/16/16 +123bps
Calamos Growth & Income -CGIIX	4.99	5.10	8.15	N/A	80.63	4.56	9.79	10.10	19.42	13.01	22.96	6.62
Calamos Growth & Income -CVTRX	4.99	5.10	8.13	12.47	79.54	4.52	9.52	9.81	19.31	12.93	22.54	6.53
Calamos Convertible -CICVX	4.39	4.38	7.79	N/A	55.38	5.69	13.11	8.41	19.40	10.35	26.77	5.35
Calamos Convertible -CCVIX	4.39	4.38	7.80	8.70	54.26	5.58	12.78	8.11	19.32	10.30	26.24	5.28
Calamos Market Neutral Income -CMNIX	N/A	N/A	2.92	N/A	N/A	2.07	2.83	5.33	7.33	3.98	8.20	2.87
Calamos Market Neutral Income -CVSIX	N/A	N/A	2.91	6.51	23.86	1.97	2.61	4.96	7.30	3.97	7.81	2.79
Bloomberg Barclays US Agg Bond Index	N/A	N/A	2.84	-3.40	-1.80	-2.07	-2.18	-0.86	-0.29	-2.96	-1.82	-4.24
U.S. OE Intermediate Government	4.86	6.99	2.27	-3.41	-2.63	-2.22	-2.25	-1.25	-0.51	-2.66	-2.48	-3.47
U.S. OE Long Government	18.45	25.83	9.87	-8.18	-11.19	-5.96	-10.26	-7.95	-20.36	-15.09	-18.38	-15.09
U.S. OE Intermediate-Term Bond	5.24	7.13	2.71	-3.49	-2.55	-2.16	-2.03	-1.12	3.67	-1.96	0.29	-3.14
U.S. OE Long-Term Bond	10.89	18.90	6.12	-5.20	-3.84	-2.47	-2.21	-2.61	1.90	-3.88	-1.20	-9.78
U.S. OE Corporate Bond	6.85	10.48	3.94	-5.49	-5.25	-1.63	-2.21	-2.12	7.05	-2.23	1.63	-2.75

Source: Morningstar Direct. Performance data quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. The principal value and return of an investment will fluctuate so that your shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Performance reflected at NAV does not include the Fund's maximum front-end sales load of 4.75%. Had it been included, the Fund's return would have been lower. For the most recent month end fund performance information visit www.calamos.com. Average annual total return measures net investment income and capital gain or loss from portfolio investments as an annualized average. All performance shown assumes reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions.

Standard Deviation is statistical measurement of dispersion about an average, depicts how widely a mutual fund's returns varied over a certain period of time. Investors use the standard deviation of historical performance to try to predict the range of returns that are most likely for a given fund. When a fund has a high standard deviation, the predicted range of performance is wide, implying greater volatility. As of the prospectus dated 2/28/17, the gross expense ratio for the Calamos Convertible Fund Class I shares is 0.90%, the Calamos Growth & Income Fund Class I shares is 0.87%, and the Calamos Market Neutral Income Fund Class I shares is 0.97%; and for the Calamos Convertible Fund Class A shares is 1.15%, the Calamos Growth & Income Fund Class A shares is 1.12%, and the Calamos Market Neutral Income Fund Class A shares is 1.22%. Class I shares are offered primarily for direct investment by investors through certain tax-exempt retirement plans -including 401-k plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403-b plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans, defined benefit plans and non qualified deferred compensation plans and by institutional clients, provided such plans or clients have assets of at least \$1 million. Class I shares may also be offered to certain other entities or programs, including, but not limited to, investment companies, under certain circumstances.

Important Disclosures

Beta is a historic measure of a fund's relative volatility, which is one of the measures of risk; a beta of 0.5 reflects 1/2 the market's volatility as represented by the Fund's primary benchmark, while a beta of 2.0 reflects twice the volatility. **Downside Capture Ratio** measures manager's performance in down markets as defined by the named index. A down-market is defined as those periods -months or quarters in which named index return is less than 0. In essence, it tells you what percentage of the down-market was captured by the manager. For example, if the ratio is 110%, the manager has captured 110% of the down-market and therefore underperformed the market on the downside. **Average Maturity** is computed by weighting the maturity of each security in the portfolio by the market value of the security, then averaging these weighted figures. **Average effective duration** provides a measure of a fund's interest-rate sensitivity. The longer a fund's duration, the more sensitive the fund is to shifts in interest rates. The relationship among funds with different durations is straightforward: A fund with duration of 10 years is expected to be twice as volatile as a fund with a five-year duration.

The **Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Capital Aggregate Bond Index** is an unmanaged index comprised of U.S. investment grade, fixed rate bond market securities, including government, government agency, corporate and mortgage-backed securities between one and ten years. Formerly known as the Lehman Brothers Aggregate Bond Index. Unmanaged index returns assume reinvestment of any and all distributions and, unlike fund returns, do not reflect fees, expenses or sales charges. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. **Market Neutral** funds attempt to reduce systematic risk created by factors such as exposures to sectors, market-cap ranges, investment styles, currencies, and/or countries. They try to achieve this by matching short positions within each area against long positions. These strategies are often managed as beta-neutral, dollar-neutral, or sector-neutral. A distinguishing feature of funds in this category is that they typically have low beta exposures < 0.3 in absolute value to market indexes such as MSCI World. In attempting to reduce systematic risk, these funds put the emphasis on issue selection, with profits dependent on their ability to sell short and buy long the correct securities. Your investment in the Fund(s) is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency. The risks associated with an investment in the Fund(s) can increase during times of significant market volatility. The Fund(s) also has specific principal risks, which are described below. More detailed information regarding these risks can be found in the Fund's prospectus. The principal risks of investing in the **Market Neutral Income Fund (CVSIX)** include: convertible securities risk, synthetic convertible instruments risk, convertible hedging risk, covered call writing risk, options risk, short sale risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, high yield risk, liquidity risk and portfolio selection risk; **Convertible Fund (CCVIX)**: convertible securities risk, synthetic convertible instruments risk, foreign securities risk, equity securities risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, high yield risk and portfolio selection risk; **Growth and Income Fund (CVTRC)**: convertible securities risk, synthetic convertible instruments risk, equity securities risk, growth stock risk, small and mid-sized company risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, high yield risk and portfolio selection risk. **Large-growth** portfolios invest primarily in big U.S. companies that are projected to grow faster than other large-cap stocks. Stocks in the top 70% of the capitalization of the U.S. equity market are defined as large cap. Growth is defined based on fast growth-high growth rates for earnings, sales, book value, and cash flow and high valuations—high price ratios and low dividend yields. Most of these portfolios focus on companies in rapidly expanding industries. **Large-blend** portfolios are fairly representative of the overall U.S. stock market in size, growth rates, and price. Stocks in the top 70% of the capitalization of the U.S. equity market are defined as large cap. The blend style is assigned to portfolios where neither growth nor value characteristics predominate. These portfolios tend to invest across the spectrum of U.S. industries, and owing to their broad exposure, the portfolios' returns are often similar to those of the S&P 500 Index. **Large-value** portfolios invest primarily in big U.S. companies that are less expensive or growing more slowly than other large-cap stocks. Stocks in the top 70% of the capitalization of the U.S. equity market are defined as large cap. Value is defined based on low valuations-low price ratios and high dividend yields and slow growth-low growth rates for earnings, sales, book value, and cash flow. **The S&P 500** includes newer and more growth oriented companies than the S&P 500 Dividend Aristocrats and as a result may be subject to greater volatility. The S&P 500 Dividend Aristocrats Index includes established dividend-paying companies, which may lead the index to have diminished potential for capital gains relative the S&P 500. **Intermediate-government** portfolios have at least 90% of their bond holdings in bonds backed by the U.S. government or by government-linked agencies. This backing minimizes the credit risk of these portfolios, as the U.S. government is unlikely to default on its debt. These portfolios have durations typically between 3.5 and 6.0 years. Consequently, the group's performance—and its level of volatility—tends to fall between that of the short government and long government bond categories. **Long-term bond** portfolios invest primarily in corporate and other investment-grade U.S. fixed-income issues and typically have durations of more than 6.0 years. Because of their long durations, these portfolios are exposed to greater interest-rate risk. **Long-government** portfolios have at least 90% of their bond holdings invested in bonds backed by the U.S. government or by government-linked agencies. This backing minimizes the credit risk of these portfolios, as the U.S. government is unlikely to default on its debt. They are not risk-free, though. Because these portfolios have durations of typically more than 6.0 years, they are more sensitive to interest rates, and thus riskier, than portfolios that have shorter durations. **Intermediate-term bond** portfolios invest primarily in corporate and other investment-grade U.S. fixed-income issues and typically have durations of 3.5 to 6.0 years. These portfolios are less sensitive to interest rates, and therefore less volatile, than portfolios that have longer durations. **Corporate Bond** portfolios concentrate on bonds issued by corporations. These tend to have more credit risk than government or agency-backed bonds. These portfolios hold more than 65% of their assets in corporate bonds, hold less than 40% of their assets in foreign bonds, less than 35% in high yield bonds, and have an effective duration of more than 75% of the Morningstar Core Bond Index. **Cumulative Return** is the aggregate amount that an investment has gained or lost over time, independent of the period of time involved.

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Before investing carefully consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. Please see the prospectus and summary prospectus containing this and other information or call 1-800-582-6959. Read it carefully before investing.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (As of 9/30/17)	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Since Fund Inception
Calamos Growth & Income Fund for I Shares—CGIIX	14.10%	7.90%	8.74%	5.76%	9.42%
Calamos Growth & Income Fund for A Shares at NAV—CVTRX	13.80	7.64	8.47	5.50	10.98
Calamos Growth & Income Fund for A Shares—Load Adjusted	8.40	5.90	7.42	4.99	10.79
Calamos Market Neutral Income Fund for I Shares—CMNIX	4.76	3.47	3.52	3.25	4.58
Calamos Market Neutral Income Fund for A Shares at NAV—CVSIX	4.50	3.19	3.25	2.99	6.33
Calamos Market Neutral Income Fund for A Shares—Load Adjusted	-0.43	1.53	2.25	2.49	6.14
Calamos Convertible Fund for I Shares—CICVX	12.01	4.77	7.60	5.08	7.56
Calamos Convertible Fund for A Shares at NAV—CCVIX	11.72	4.51	7.34	4.82	8.97
Calamos Convertible Fund for A Shares—Load Adjusted	6.43	2.83	6.30	4.31	8.81